आदेश की क्रम सं0	आदेश औ	र र पदाधिकारी का हस्ताक्ष	तर वर	आदेश पर की गई कार्रवाई के बारे मे
और तारीख़ 1		2		टिप्पणी तारीख सहि 3
	ROARD	NE DEVENIU	E DILIAD DATNA	
	BOARD	IF KEVENUE	E, BIHAR, PATNA.	
	Revision (Land		tion) Case No . – 218/2004	
4	*	Dist. – Ar	raria	
	PRESENT :-	K.K. Pathal	k, I.A.S.,	
1		Additional	Member	
	Md. Mustague		- Petitioner/ Appellant	
	Md. Ainul & Others	Versus	- Opposite party	
1	Appearance: For the Appellant/Re	200 1201 10012	Rabindra Kumar	

For the OP

:Shri Sarangdhar Jha

## **ORDER**

02.03.2017

This is a Pre-emption matter in which a Revision application has been filed on 02.09.2004 against the order passed by the Learned Additional Collector, Araria on 26.07.2004 in Ceiling Appeal No. 49/1995-96. The delay in filing the Revision was condoned on 19.10.2004. The case was admitted for hearing on 02.11.2004. However, the case was dismissed for default on 20.12.2004 as the Petitioner was found absent.

आदेश की क्रम सं0	2 आदेश और पदाधिकारी का हस्ताक्षर	आदेश पर की गई कार्रवाई के बारे में
और तारीख	2	टिप्पणी तारीख सहित

Subsequently, a Restoration application was filed and the matter was restored on 01.02.2005.

The case was again dismissed for default on 21.05.2005 for the second time. Again a Restoration Petition was filed which was rejected on 13.01.2010.

Again a Restoration Petition was filed for the third time on 04.09.2014, after a gap of 3½ years, since the case was last dismissed.

This Restoration Petition too was dismissed on 10.09.2015 due to continued absence of the Petitioner.

Finally, another Restoration Petition was filed and the case was restored on 14.02.2017 and was place for hearing on merits for 21.02.2017. On 21.02.2017, the Learned Advocate of the Petitioner was present and heard in great detail. I also heard the Learned Advocate of the OP. Thus concluding the hearing, this order is being passed today.

As per the Learned Advocate of the Petitioner, he is the Pre-emptor and the lands involved in the dispute are as under:-

Plot No. 1598-15 decimals

Plot No. 1616-8 decimals

Plot No. 1633-10 decimals

Plot No. 1634-9 decimals

आदेश की क्रम सं० और तारीख़ 1	3 आदेश और पदाधिकारी का हस्ताक्षर 2	आदेश पर की गई कार्रवाई के बारे में टिप्पणी तारीख सहिर 3
	As per the Learned Advocate, the total area	
	involved in these four plots is 42 decimals. All the plots	
	are contiguous and no plot is fragmented. He mentioned	

The sale deed was registered in the year 1988 against which the Pre-emptor-Petitioner filed a Pre-emption application before the Learned DCLR who, vide order dated 08.09.1995, allowed his application.

that he is both, a Co-sharer as well as adjacent raiyat, but

admits that he is not related to the vendor Sri Rafique.

Aggrieved at this order, the OP Purchaser went in appeal before the Learned Additional Collector who vide order dated 26.07.2004 allowed the appeal. Thus further aggrieved, the Pre-emptor-Petitioner came in Revision before this Court and hence this proceeding.

Concluding his remarks, the Learned Advocate of the Pre-emptor-Petitioner claims that he is in the possession of the two of above four plots namely 1633 and 1634 and he is carrying on agricultural activity in these plots.

I also heard the Learned Advocate of the OP who is the Purchaser of the land. As per him, he had purchased the land on 10.09.1993. Though he concedes that he is related to the Pre-emptor, but he is not related



आदेश की क्रम सं0 और तारीख़ 1	4 आदेश और पदाधिकारी का हस्ताक्षर 2	आदेश पर की गई कार्रवाई के बारे में टिप्पणी तारीख सहित 3
	to the vendor. As per the Learned Advocate of the OP,	
	he is an adjacent raiyat.	
	The Learned Advocate of the OP Purchaser	
	also claims that he is in the possession of the all the four	
	plots. He is using some land for agricultural purposes	
Ì	and some for keeping cattle.	
	Having heard the Learned Advocates of both	
	the sides and having pursued the material available on	
	record, my own findings on the matter are as under:-	10
1	(a)It appears that the Pre-emptor-Petitioner	
	is the owner of Plot No. 1597 which is	
	adjacent to disputed Plot No. 1598 and	
	lies to the south.	
	(b)It also appears that the Pre-emptor also	
	owns Plot No. 1635 which lies south of	
	the disputed plot 1633 and 1634.	
	(c) With regard to the forth disputed plot	
	1616, it appears that the preceptor owns	
	plot 1614 which is adjacent to plot 1616.	
	(d)Thus from the above, it is established that	
	the Pre-emptor is an adjacent raiyat with	
\	respect to all the four plots namely 1616,	
	1633, 1634 and 1598.	
	()	1

आदेश और पदाधिकारी का हस्ताक्षर	आदेश पर की गई कार्रवाई के बारे में
2	टिप्पणी तारीख सहित 3
	आदेश और पदाविकारी का हस्ताक्षर 2

- (e) Now coming to the point whether the Purchaser OP is an adjacent raiyat or a Co-sharer or not, I find that no papers have been submitted by the OP to prove that he is an adjacent raiyat to any of the four plots in dispute. In his written note of arguments, the OP has only dwelt upon the fact that the Petition of the Pre-emptor has already been dismissed before and hence not maintainable. He has not raised any points of merit or mentioned anything which can prove that he is an adjacent raiyat. Nor any documents have been provided by the OP Purchaser which can prove that he is an adjacent raiyat.
- (f) In his arguments, he has claimed that he is a Co-sharer. He derives this conclusion from the fact that the Pre-emptor-Petitioner is the pota (paternal grandson) and the OP is the nati (maternal grandson) of the khatiyani raiyat. However, this would not be sufficient to conclude that the OP is a Co-sharer of the khatiyani raiyat Late Amir Baksh.
- (g)Moreover, the relationship between the vendor and the khatiyani raiyat is also not

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The state of the s	आदेश की क्रम सं0 और तारीख़ 1	आदेश और पदाधिकारी का हस्ताक्षर 2	आदेश पर की गई कार्रवाई के बारे में टिप्पणी तारीख खहित 3
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clear. Therefore, it will not be advisable to conclude on the basis of available evidence that the OP is a Co-sharer. To that end, I find that the Learned Additional Collector has erred in holding that the OP Purchaser is a Co-sharer.

## Conclusion:-

From the aforementioned findings, it is clear that OP Purchaser has not provided any evidence to suggest that he is an adjacent raiyat or a Co-sharer.

Whereas it has been established that the Preemptor is an adjacent raiyat by virtue of his owning several plots adjacent to the four disputed plots.

It is an admitted fact that the land use is purely agricultural, as is conceded by both the parties. This therefore, concludes that the dispute is fully covered under Section 16(3) of Bihar Land Ceiling Act, 1961.

In my opinion, the Learned Additional Collector had erred in holding that the OP Purchaser is a Co-sharer and therefore, the Pre-emption should fail. In the absence of any formal rights in the property under the Muslim Law, it is difficult to arrive at a conclusion.

ादेश की क्रम सं0 और तारीख 1	अदेश और पदाधिकारी का हस्ताक्षर 2	आदेश पर की गई कार्रवाई के बारे में टिप्पणी तारीख सहित 3
	We have to bear in mind that all the three	
	parties to the dispute are Muslims. Deciding the right of	
	Co-sharing in the absence of any written documents,	
	would mean that we would be venturing into the Muslim	
	Personal Law, which domain lies exclusively with the	
	competent Civil Court and not the Revenue Courts.	
	That be the case, I find it difficult to support	
	the order passed by the Learned Additional Collector on	
	26.07.2004. I, accordingly, set aside the same and	
	confirm the order passed by the Learned DCLR, Araria	
	dated 08.09.1995.	
	Revision Allowed.	
	Dictated & Corrected  K.K.Pathak  Additional Member  Board of Revenue, Bihar.  Dictated & Corrected  (K.K.Pathak)  Additional Member  Board of Revenue, Bihar.	